



Active Ageing
Good health adds life to years



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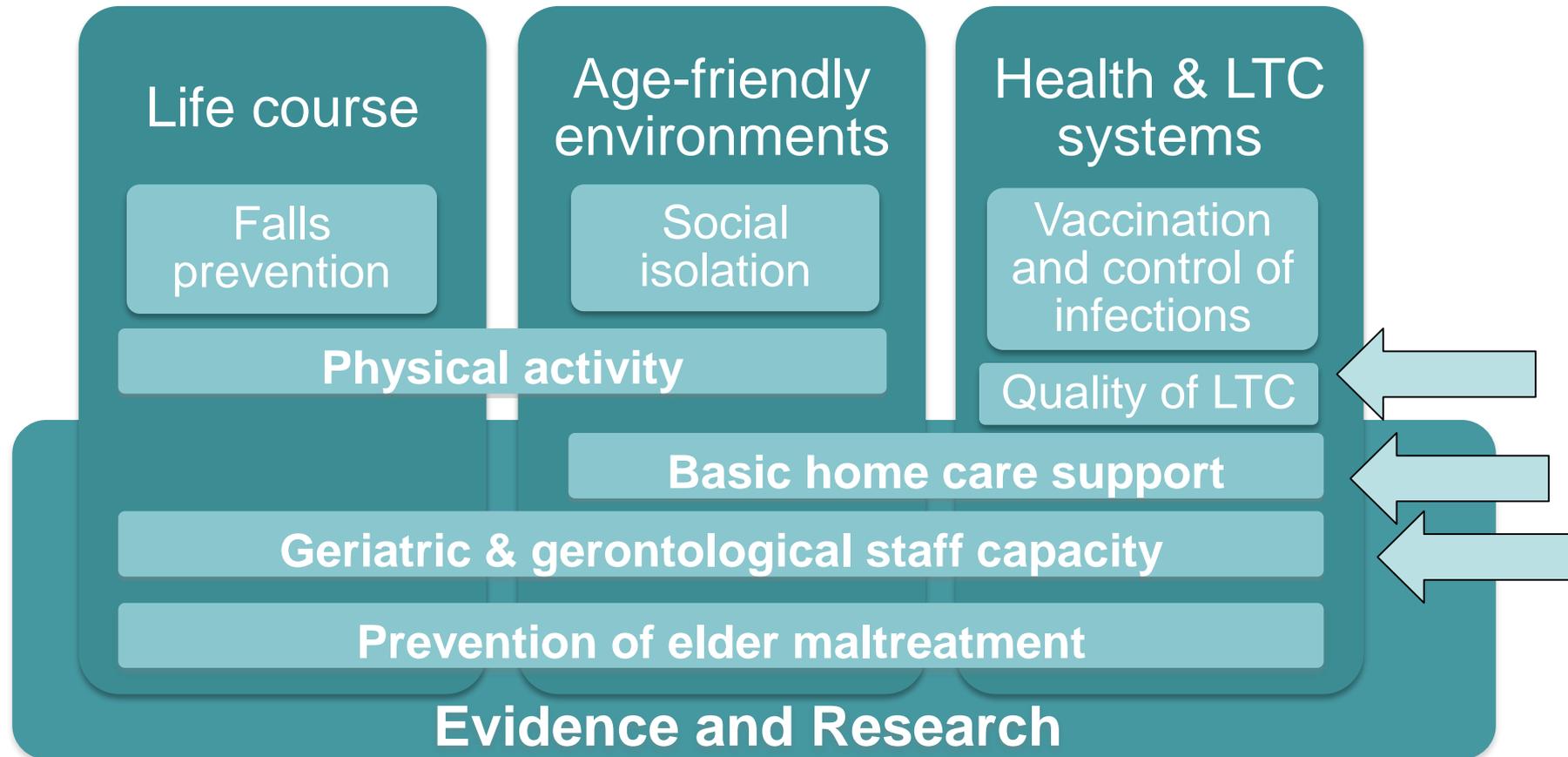
Reforming long-term care in the context of WHO action plans

Workshop
**Follow-up care. post-acute care, aftercare,
long-term care and palliative care**

Prague, Czech Republic
19 January 2017

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Working with Member States: the Strategy and action plan on healthy ageing in Europe, 2012-2020: Eight interventions

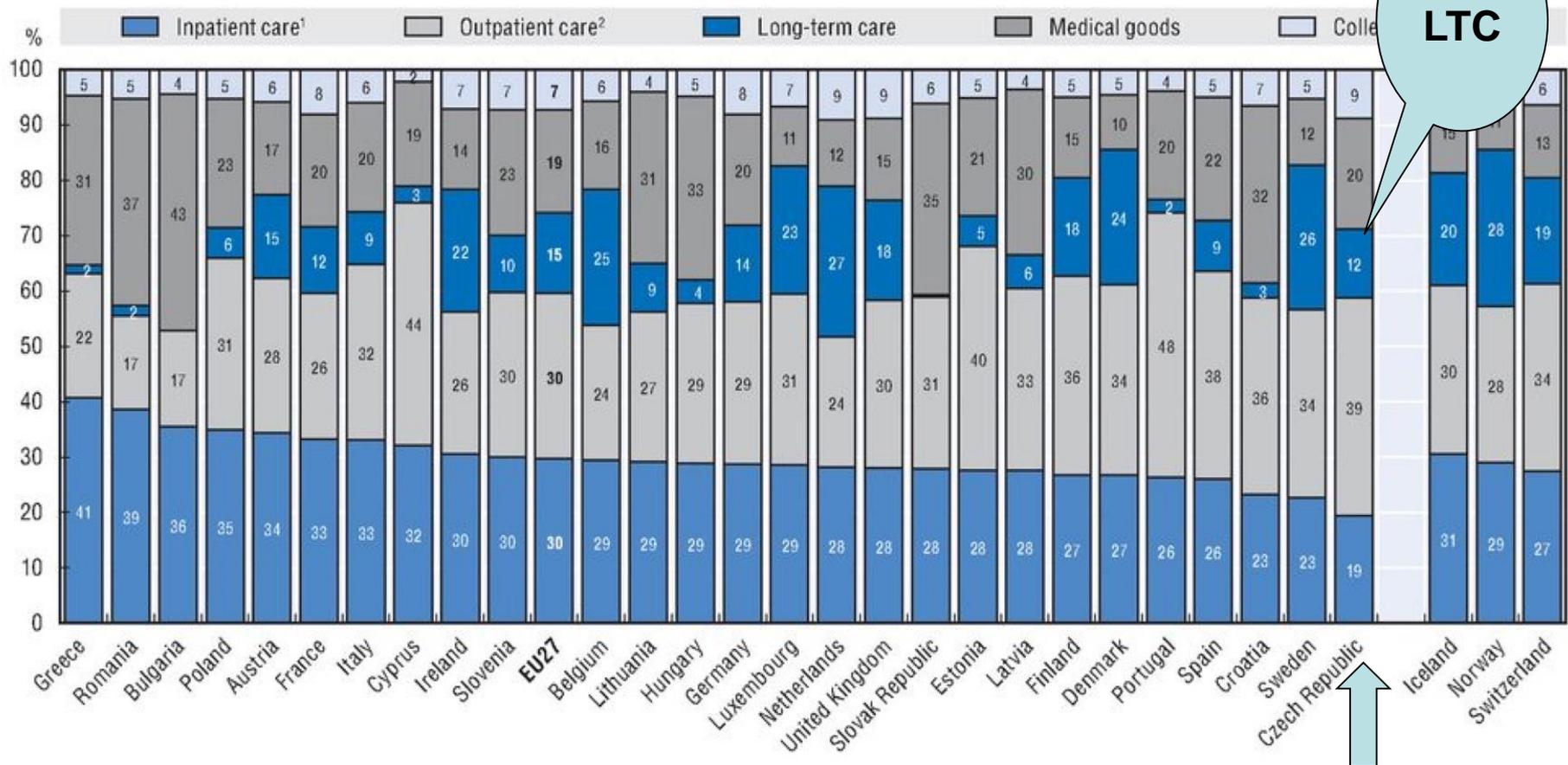


WHO World Report on Ageing and Health & Global Strategy and action plan on ageing and health, 2016-2020

- WHO Global strategy & action plan introduces LTC for the first time as separate strategic area of work in its own right as one of five strategic pillars
- World Report suggests to design LTC as integrated system in all countries; this will request major health and LTC reform for many countries

Large variations in the scope of LTC systems in overall health + LTC spending

5.6. Health expenditure by function of health care, 2014



12%
LTC



Note: Countries are ranked by inpatient care as a share of health expenditure.

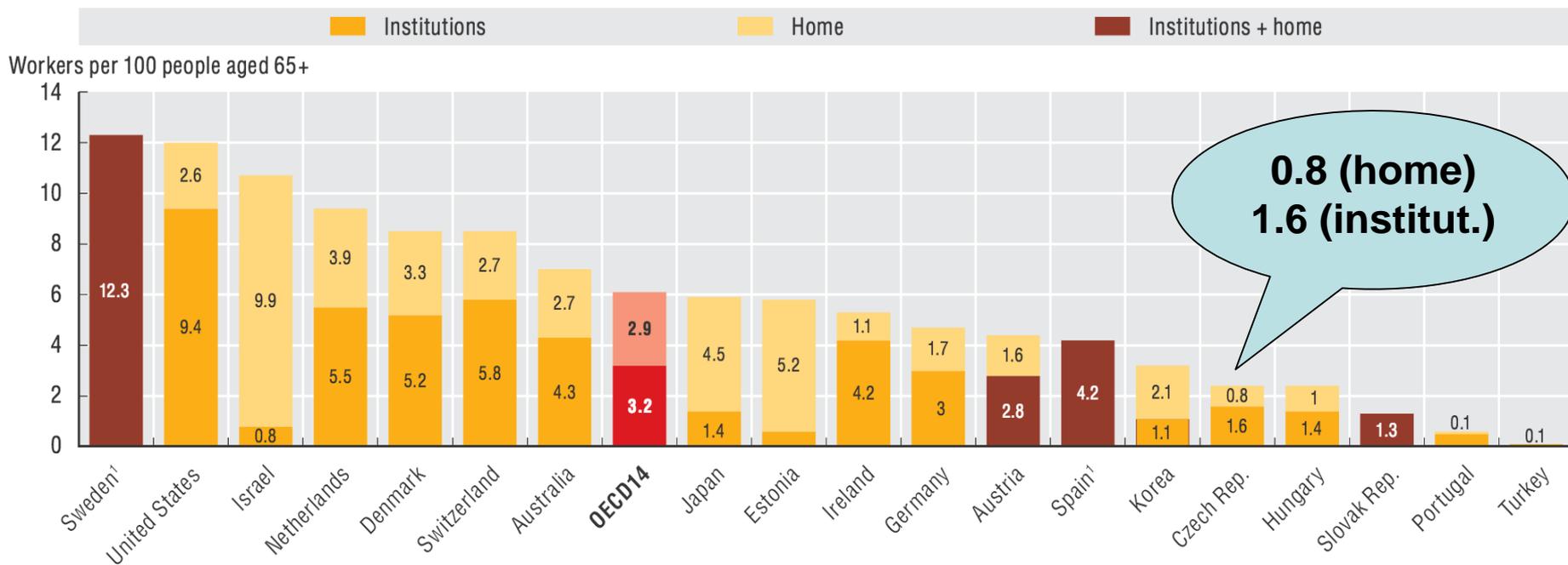
1. Refers to curative-rehabilitative care in inpatient and day care settings.

2. Includes home-care and ancillary services.

Source: OECD Health Statistics 2016; Eurostat Database.

...and in the human resources available

11.17. Long-term care workers per 100 people aged 65 and over, 2013 (or nearest year)



1. In Sweden, Spain and the Slovak Republic, it is not possible to distinguish LTC workers in institutions and at home.

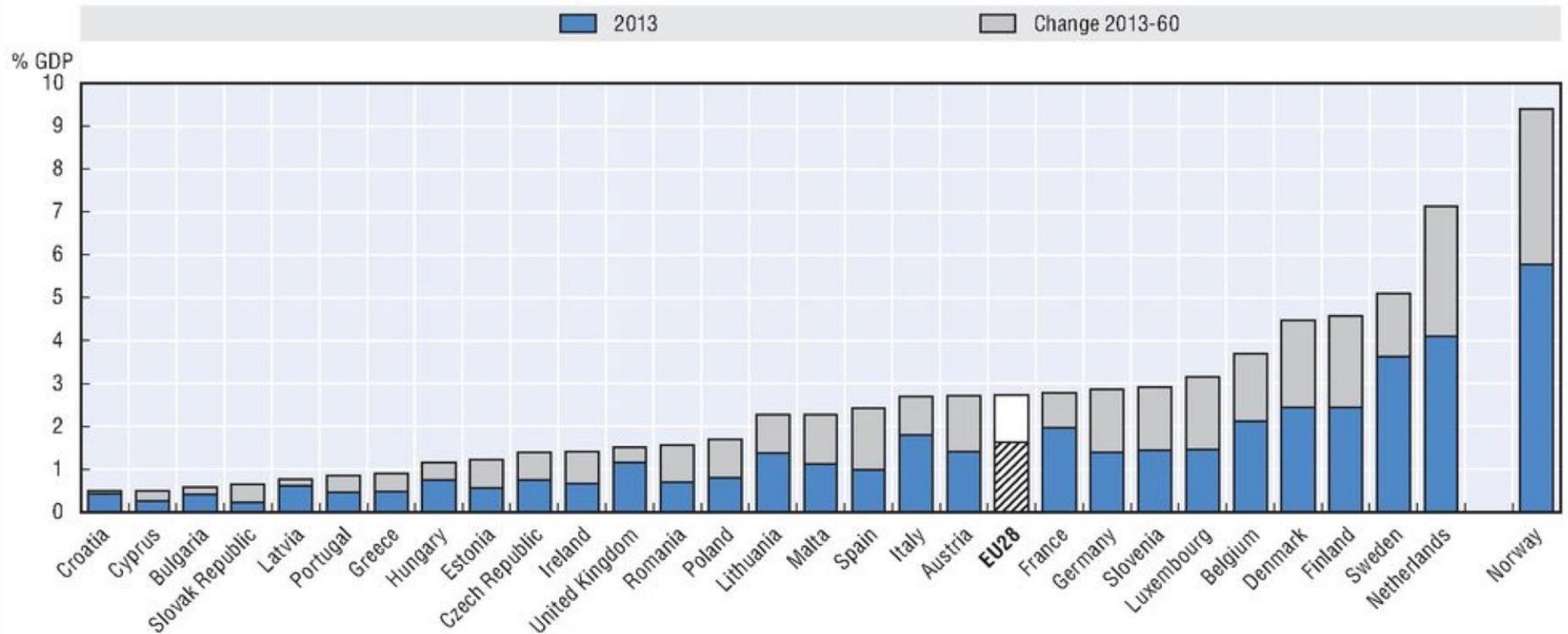
Source: OECD Health Statistics 2015, <http://dx.doi.org/10.1787/health-data-en>.

StatLink <http://dx.doi.org/10.1787/888933281433>

Will future expenditure growth be driven by ageing or improved coverage and quality of services?

8.18. Public spending on long-term care as a percentage of GDP, 2013 to 2060

Baseline scenario

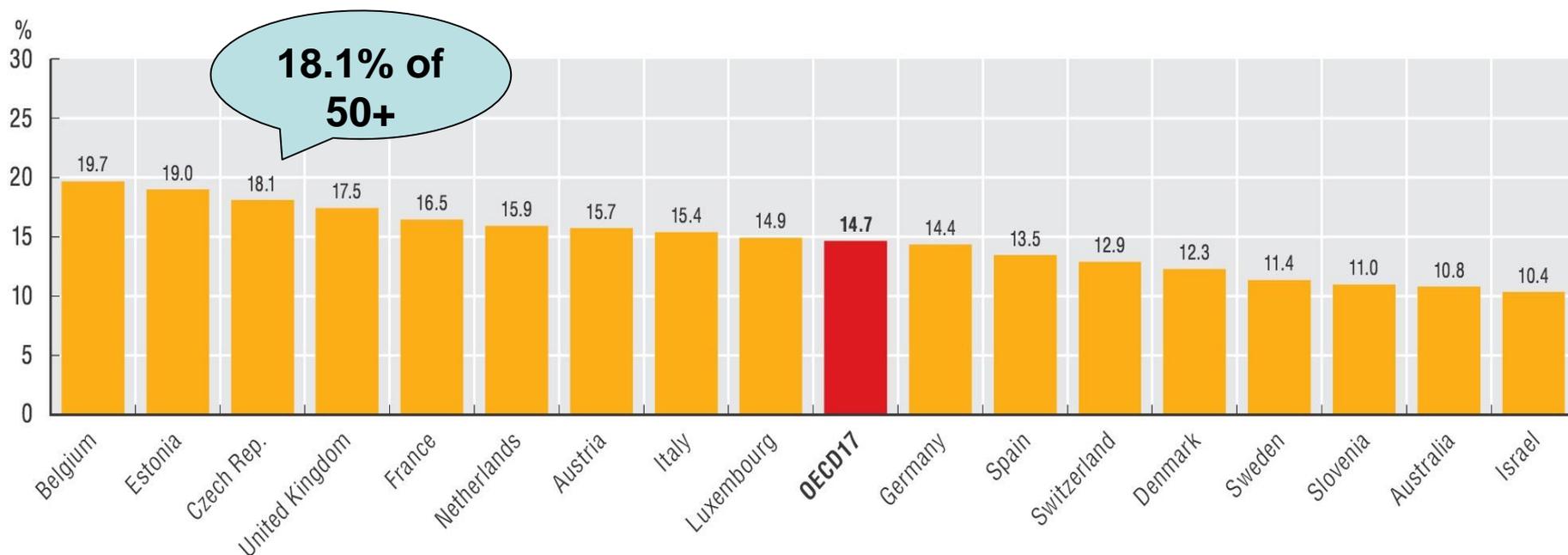


Note: The EU28 total is weighted by GDP.

Source: EC and EPC (2015).

Informal carers maintain a strong role

11.14. Population aged 50 and over reporting to be informal carers, 2013 (or nearest year)



Source: OECD estimates based on 2013 HILDA survey for Australia, 2012-13 Understanding Society survey for the United Kingdom and 2013 SHARE survey for other European countries.

StatLink  <http://dx.doi.org/10.1787/888933281423>

Figure 5.1a: Share of women and men providing informal care by age group and country (in percentage of female and male population)

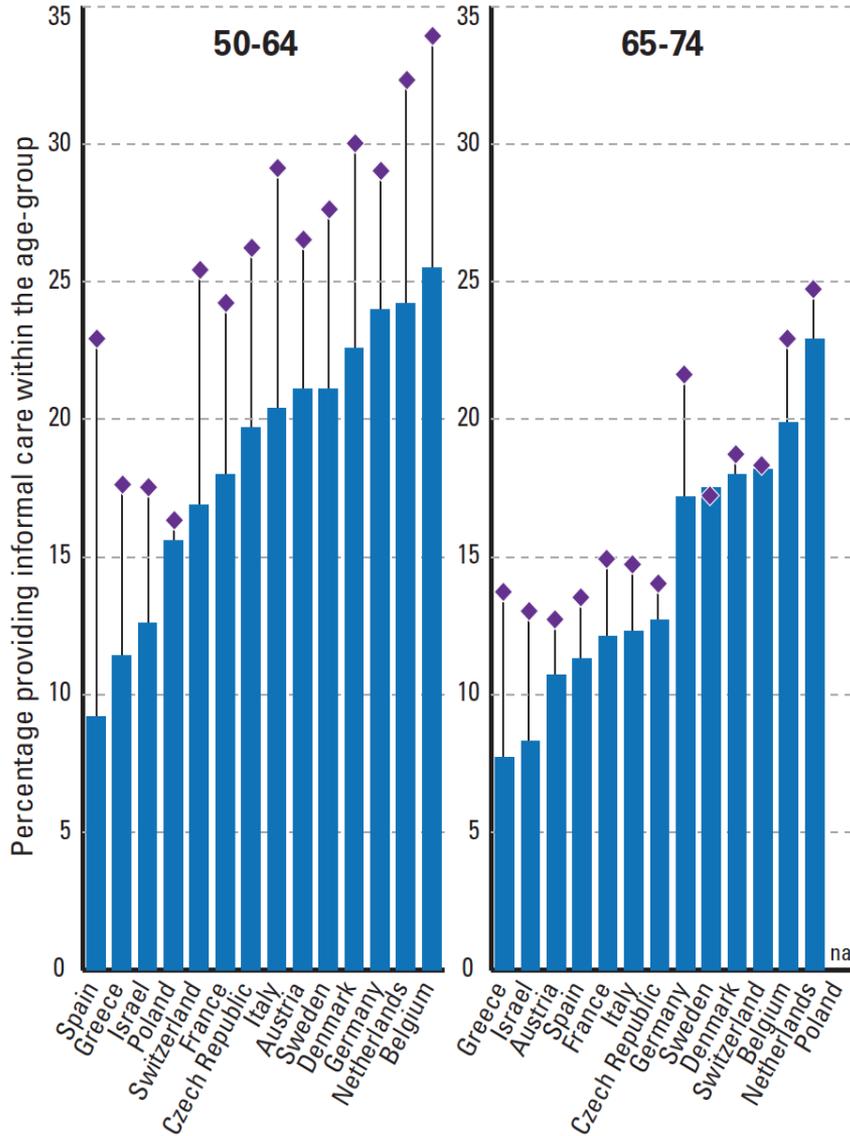
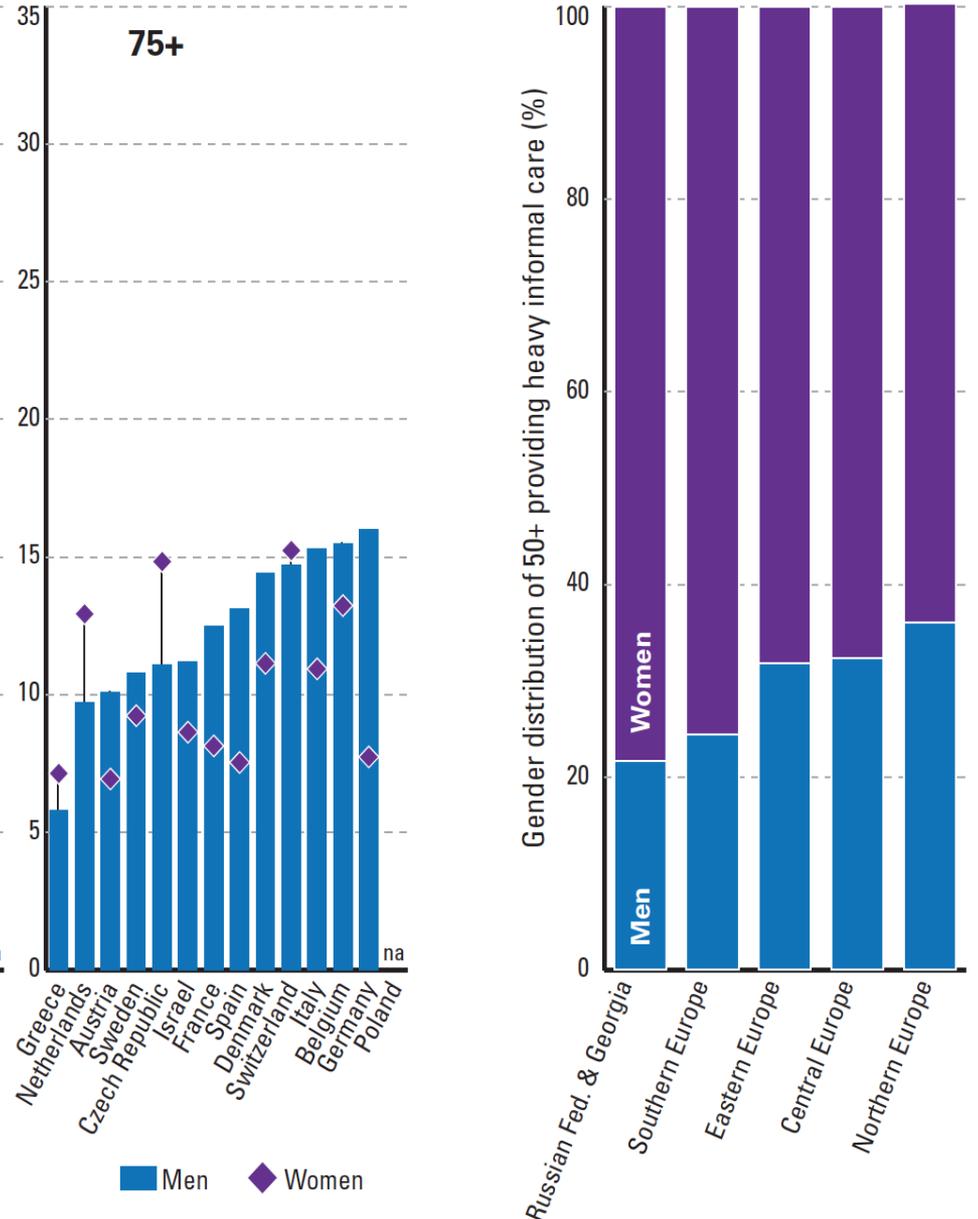


Figure 5.1b: Gender distribution of people providing heavy informal care (≥ 20 hours a week) to someone outside the household by country clusters, age group 50 and older



Decisions on LTC eligibility and generosity are ultimately linked to overall expectations of societies regarding the division of labour between families and public support

Figure 8.4b: Relation between public expenditure and the share of respondents agreeing with the statement that children should pay for their parents' care

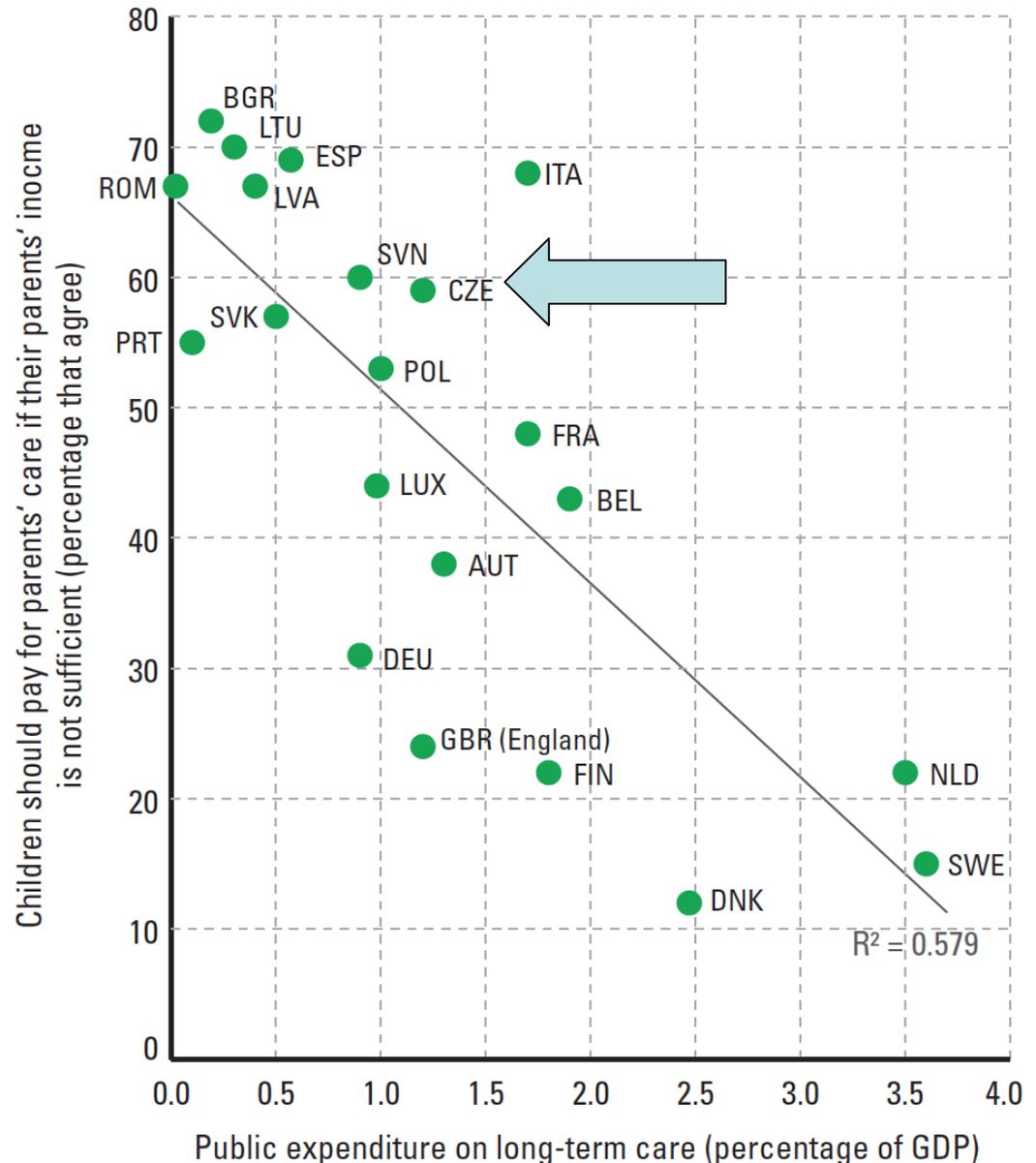
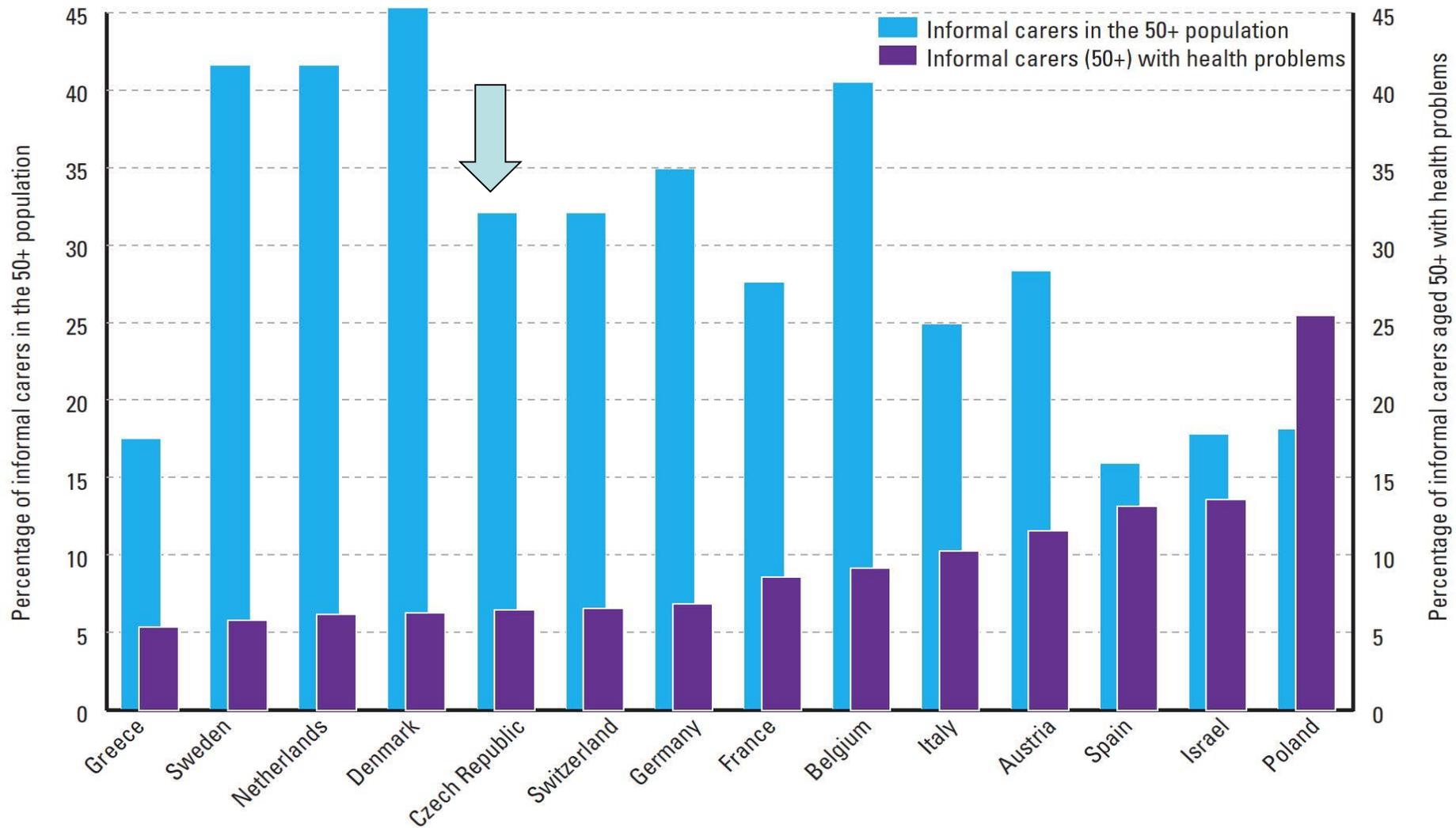


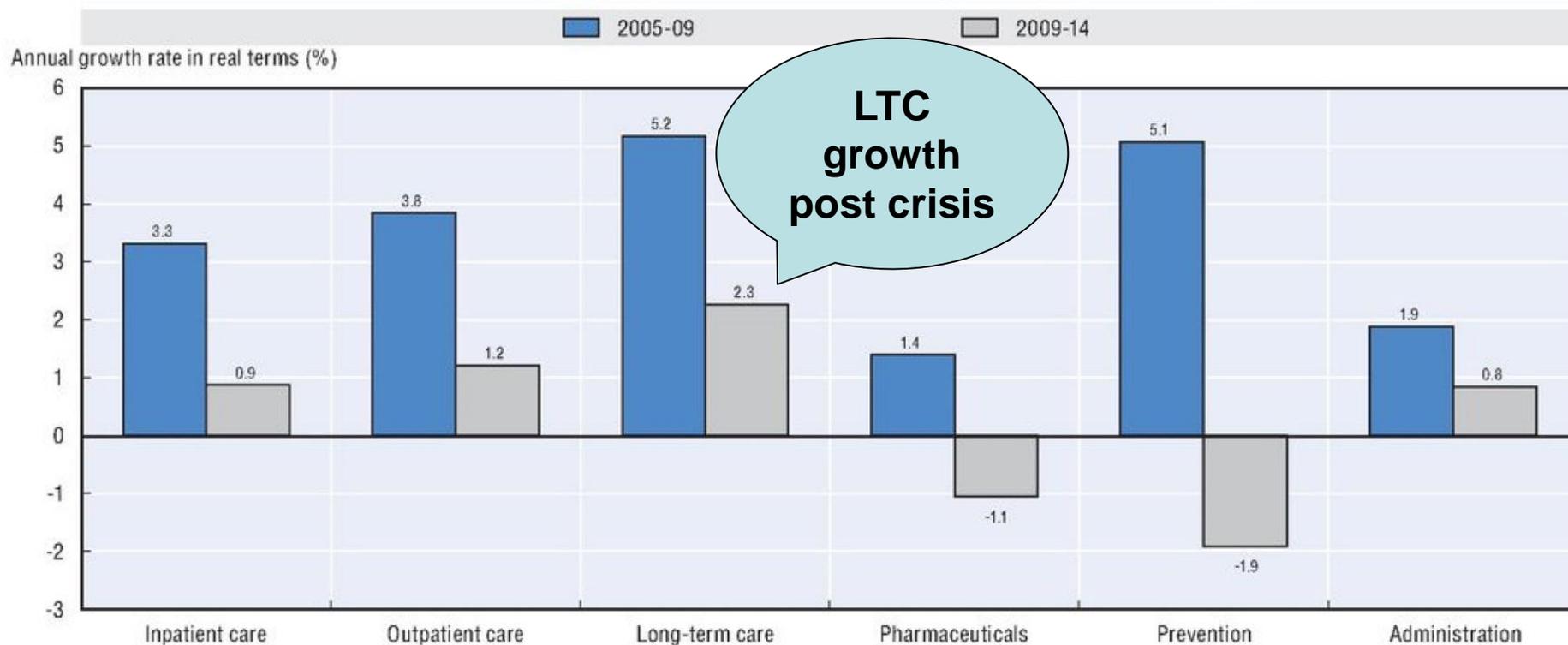
Figure 5.8: Share of informal carers (minimum 1 hour per week) in the age group 50 years and older suffering from at least one limitation in ADL



Source: Own calculations based on SHARE 2nd wave 2006/2007, except for Israel (SHARE 1st wave, 2006).

LTC expenditure continue to grow strongly

5.7. Growth of health spending for selected functions per capita, EU average, 2005-14



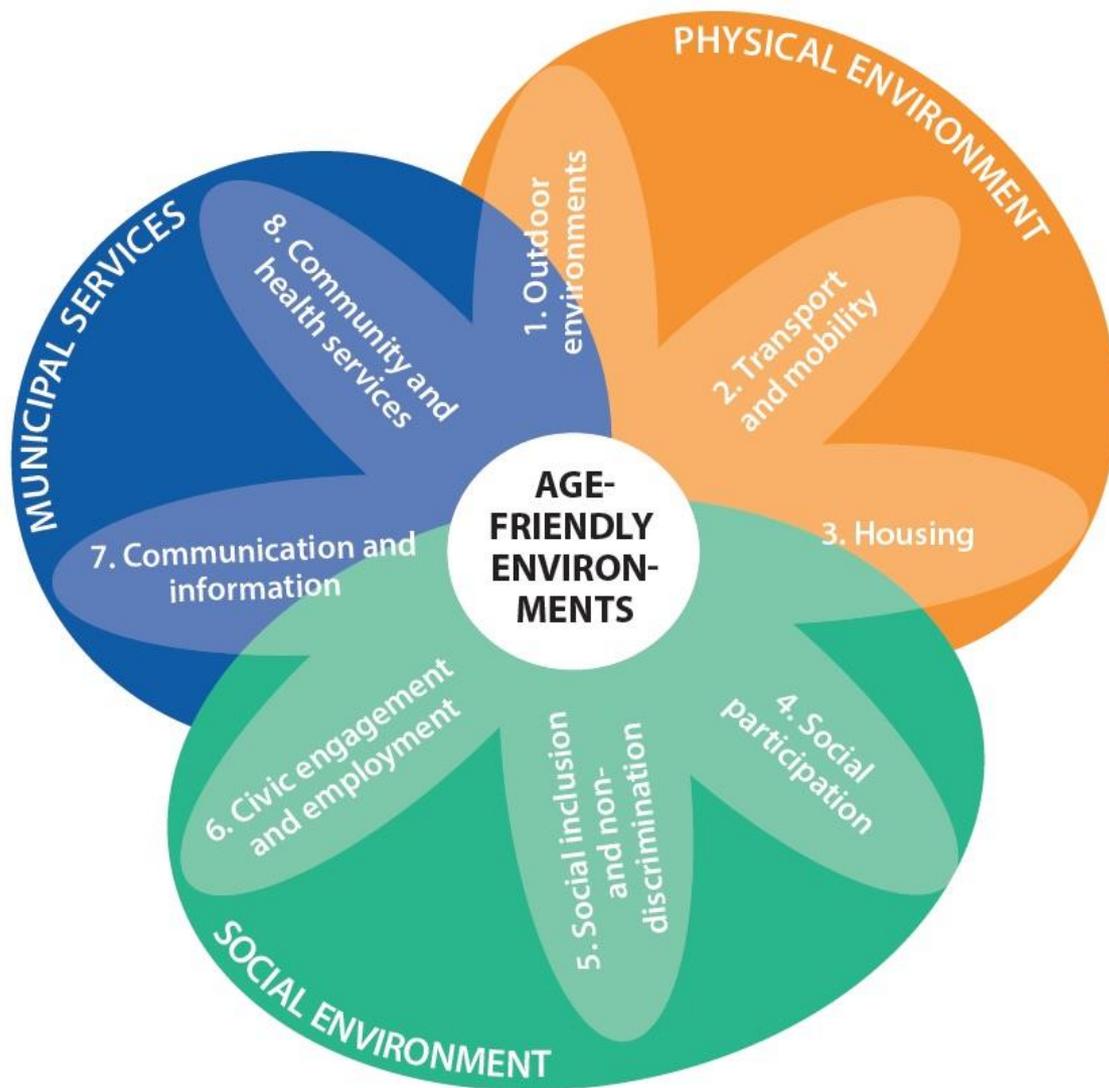
Source: OECD Health Statistics 2016; Eurostat Database.

StatLink  <http://dx.doi.org/10.1787/888933429295>

There are many ways for stronger investment in frailty prevention

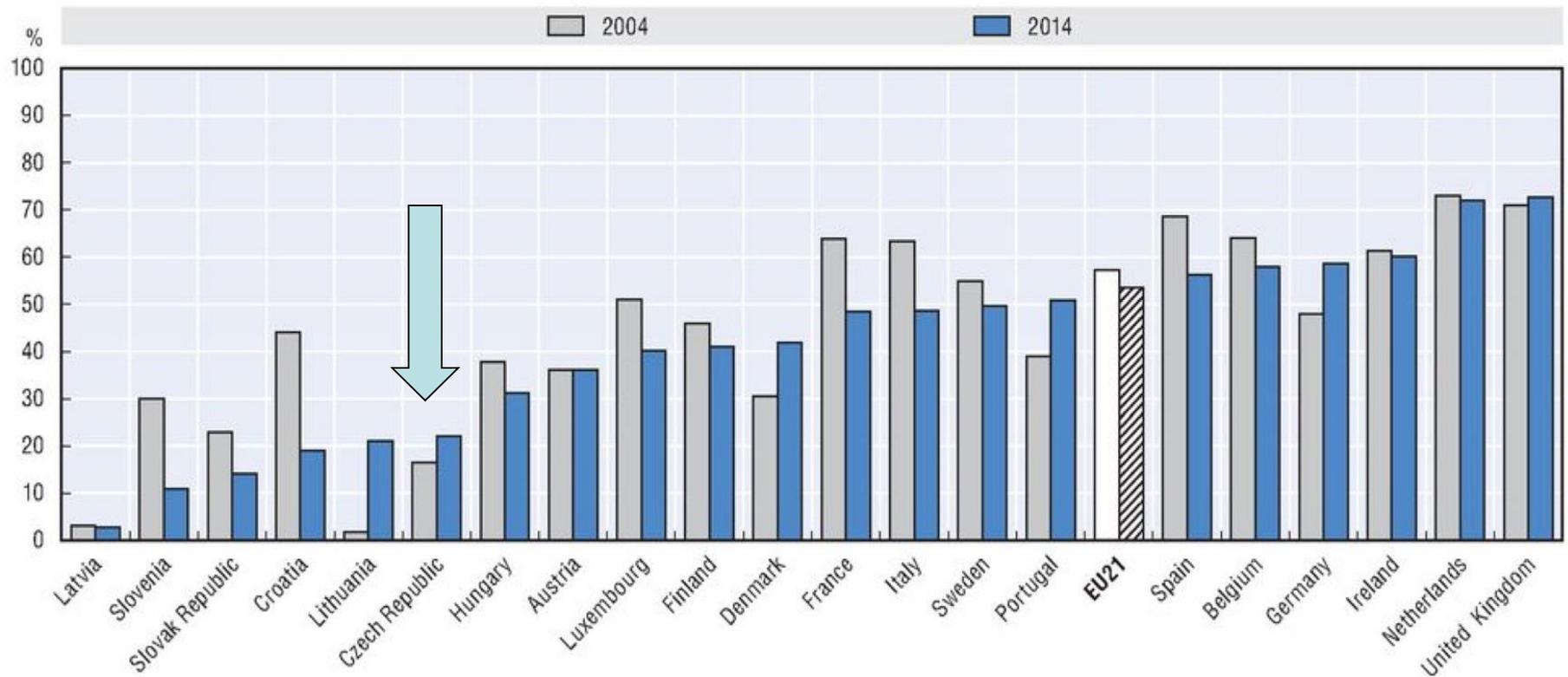
- Age-friendly, supportive cities & communities
- Health promotion and disease prevention (e.g. physical activity; nutrition; vaccination)
- Access to assistive devices (staying mobile/ preventing falls)
- “Health promoting hospitals” / “Health promoting residential and LTC facilities”
- Better integration of care and specific care pathways (including for people with Dementia)

Work with local governments: 8 domains for age-friendly action



Influenza vaccination of 65+ falls short of 75% goal in most countries

6.31. Influenza vaccination coverage, population aged 65 and over, 2004-14 (or nearest year)



Source: OECD Health Statistics 2016; Eurostat Database.

StatLink  <http://dx.doi.org/10.1787/888933429664>

References

- WHO Europe (2012) Strategy and action plan for healthy ageing in Europe, 2012-2020, Copenhagen
- WHO (2015) Global Report on Ageing and Health, Geneva
- WHO (2016) Global strategy and action plan on ageing and health, Geneva

Source for graphs and data on LTC in Europe:

- Rodrigues R, Huber M, Lamura G. (Eds.) (2012) Facts and figures on LTC and healthy ageing. Vienna: European Centre for Social Welfare Policy and Research.
- OECD (2016) Health at a Glance Europe, Paris

Thank you!

www.euro.who.int/ageing

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